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MINUTES OF THE INTERNATIONAL MISSIONARY COUNCIL

LAKE MOHONK
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OCTOBER 1–6, 1921

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MINUTES

THE first meeting of the International Missionary Council was held at the Lake Mohonk Mountain House, Mohonk Lake, Ulster County, New York. The first session was on Saturday, October 1, 1921, from 9.45 a.m. to 12.45 p.m.

1. **Opening of the Meeting.** On motion of Dr Karl Fries, seconded by Dr Ritson, Dr John R. Mott was asked to preside over the meeting until it could be formally organized.

Dr Mott took the chair and called upon the meeting to sing the hymn 'All People that on Earth do dwell.' Dr Mott then made a brief historical statement, beginning with the appointment of the Continuation Committee of the World Missionary Conference in Edinburgh in 1910, with instructions to take steps to bring about the formation of a permanent international missionary organization. In accordance with the plans proposed by the Missionary Conference held in Crans, Switzerland, June 22–28, 1920, the delegates present, appointed by the various national missionary organizations, have come together to complete the organization of the International Missionary Council, and to take counsel together regarding the most pressing problems of missionary work throughout the world, especially from an international point of view.

The Council united in prayer, led by Dr Watson.

2. **Action of National Missionary Organizations.** Mr Oldham presented a Memorandum of the actions taken by the National Missionary Organizations and Missionary Societies with reference to the Constitution of the International Missionary Committee (now designated 'Council') prepared by the Conference at Crans, June 1920. (See Minute 33.) It was voted that this Memorandum be received and referred with all correspondence on the subject to the Committee on the Constitution, to be hereafter appointed, for consideration and report.

3. **Members Present.** Mr Oldham presented the list of delegates elected by the National Missionary Organizations, as follows:

AUSTRALASIA

Rev. John W. Burton, M.A., Secretary of the United Missionary Council.

CHINA

Rev. D. Willard Lyon, D.D., representing the China Continuation Committee, Secretary Foreign Department of the International Committee of Young Men's Christian Associations.

Rev. Yu Yue Tsu, Ph.D., representing the China Continuation Committee, Professor of Sociology and Lecturer in Comparative Religion in St. John's University, General Secretary of the Chinese Christian Students' Association.

William Hung, Esq., M.A., representing the China Continuation Committee, Chinese Secretary, Board of Foreign Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

FINLAND

Probst Matti Tarkkanen, Mission Director of the Finnish Missionary Society (Suomen Lähetysseura), Chairman of the Finnish National Missionary Committee.

FRANCE

M. le pasteur Daniel Couve, Directeur-adjoint of the Paris Evangelical Missionary Society (Société des Missions Evangéliques de Paris).

GREAT BRITAIN

Rev. R. Forgan, D.D., Vice-Convener of the Foreign Mission Committee of the United Free Church of Scotland.

The Rt. Rev. George Lanchester King, D.D., General Secretary of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

Rev. Frank Lenwood, M.A., Foreign Secretary of the London Missionary Society.

Miss Florence Mackenzie, M.A., Principal of the United Free Church of Scotland Women's Missionary College, Edinburgh.

Kenneth Maclennan, Esq., Secretary of the Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland.

Thomas S. Penny, Esq., J.P., Chairman of the Western Committee of the Baptist Missionary Society.

Rev. John H. Ritson, D.D., Secretary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland.

Colonel Sir Robert Williams, Bt., M.P., President of the Church Missionary Society.

Rev. C. Mollan Williams, M.A., Editorial Secretary of the Church Missionary Society.

INDIA

Dr S. K. Datta, B.A., representing the National Missionary Council of India, Burma and Ceylon, Associate National Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Associations of India and Ceylon, Editor of *Young Men of India*.

Rev. Charles B. Hill, B.D., representing the National Missionary Council of India, Burma and Ceylon; Principal, Methodist Boys' High School, Baroda Camp, Bombay Presidency.

Dr Ma Saw Sa, F.R.C.S., representing the National Missionary Council of India, Burma and Ceylon, Head of the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Rangoon, Burma.

JAPAN

Rev. Hiromichi Kozaki, representing the Japan Continuation Committee, formerly President of Doshisha University.

Rev. Bishop Kogoro Uzaki, representing the Japan Continuation Committee, Bishop of the Japan Methodist Church, President of the Federation of Japanese Churches.

Rev. S. H. Wainright, D.D., representing the Japan Continuation Committee, General Secretary of the Christian Literature Society of Japan.

THE NETHERLANDS

Baron C. W. Th. van Boetzelaer van Dubbeldam, formerly Missionary Consul in Batavia, Dutch Indies.

NORTH AMERICA

CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES

Miss Belle H. Bennett, LL.D., President, Woman's Missionary Council of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

Mrs William Boyd, M.A., President, Federation of Woman's Boards of Foreign Missions of North America.

Rev. Arthur Judson Brown, D.D., LL.D., Administrative Foreign Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the U.S.A.

Rev. W. I. Chamberlain, Ph.D., Corresponding Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America.

Rev. S. H. Chester, D.D., Secretary of Foreign Correspondence, Executive Committee of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church in the United States.

Rev. Stephen J. Corey, LL.D., Vice-President and Secretary, Foreign Department of the United Christian Missionary Society.

Rev. James Endicott, D.D., General Secretary, Foreign Missions, The Missionary Society of the Methodist Church, Canada.

Rev. James H. Franklin, D.D., Foreign Secretary, American Baptist Foreign Mission Society.

Rev. Alfred Gandier, D.D., LL.D., Chairman, Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, Principal of Knox College, Toronto.

The Rev. Canon Sydney Gould, D.C.L., General Secretary of the Missionary Society of the Church of England in Canada.

Rev. W. Douglas Mackenzie, D.D., LL.D., President of the Hartford Seminary Foundation, Chairman of the Board of Missionary Preparation of the Foreign Missions Conference of North America.

Rev. Frank Mason North, D.D., LL.D., Corresponding Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Rev. Cornelius H. Patton, D.D., Home Secretary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

Mrs Henry W. Peabody, Chairman of the Special Committee of the Joint Committee on Union Colleges for Women of the Orient, recently Chairman of the Foreign Department, Woman's American Baptist Foreign Mission Society.

The Hon. Newton W. Rowell, LL.D., K.C., Vice-Chairman of the Board of Governors of the West China Union University, Member of the General Board of Missions of the Methodist Church, Canada.

Rev. Paul de Schweinitz, D.D., Chairman of the Committee of Reference and Counsel of the Foreign Missions Conference of

North America, Secretary of Missions of the Moravian Church in America.

Fennell P. Turner, Esq., B.A., Secretary of the Foreign Missions Conference of North America.

Rev. Luther B. Wolf, D.D., Secretary-Treasurer of the Board of Foreign Missions of the United Lutheran Church in America.

John Wilson Wood, Esq., D.C.L., Executive Secretary of the Department of Missions of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Norway

Albert Lunde, Esq., Chairman, Norwegian China Mission (affiliated with China Inland Mission).

Rev. John Stene, President of the Bible School, Norwegian Missionary Society, Trondhjem, Norway.

South Africa

Professor J. du] Plessis, B.D., Professor in the Theological Seminary of the Dutch Reformed Church in South Africa.

J. C. Gibson, Esq., Chairman of the Executive Committee of the South Africa General Mission, Member of the Executive Committee of Fourth South African General Conference, 1912.

Sweden

Dr Karl Fries, General Secretary of the World's Committee of the World Alliance of Young Men's Christian Associations.

Nath. Högman, Esq., Secretary of the Swedish Mission in China (Svenska Missionen i Kina).

Switzerland

M. le pasteur Abel de Meuron, Secretary of the Mission Romande (Mission Suisse Romande).

Missionsinspektor Oettli, Mission Inspector of the Basel Evangelical Missionary Society (Evangelische Missionsgesellschaft zu Basel).

Co-opted Members

Rev. J. E. K. Aggrey, D.D., Professor at Livingstone College, North Carolina; Member of the Educational Commission to Africa, 1920–21.

D. A. Hunter, Esq., F.R.G.S., Missionary of the United Free Church of Scotland Foreign Mission, Editor of the *Christian Express*, Lovedale, South Africa.

Rev. S. G. Inman, D.D., General Secretary of the Committee on Co-operation in Latin America.

T. Jesse Jones, Esq., Ph.D., Educational Director of the Phelps-Stokes Fund, Chairman of the Educational Commission to Africa, 1920–21.

Robert R. Moton, Esq., LL.D., Principal, The Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute, Alabama, U.S.A.

Rev. C. R. Watson, D.D., President of the American University at Cairo, Honorary Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the United Presbyterian Church of North America.

Rev. A. W. Wilkie, B.D., Secretary of the Scottish Mission in the Gold Coast, Africa.

Rev. Samuel M. Zwemer, D.D., F.R.G.S., Editor of the *Moslem World*, Lecturer in the United Presbyterian Church Theological Seminary, Cairo.

Ex-Officio Members

Miss G. A. Gollock, Associate Editor of the *International Review of Missions*, Secretary of the British Board of Study for the Preparation of Missionaries.

John R. Mott, Esq., LL.D., Chairman of the International Missionary Council, Chairman of the World's Student Christian Federation.

J. H. Oldham, Esq., M.A., Joint Secretary of the International Missionary Council, Editor of the *International Review of Missions*.

Rev. A. L. Warnshuis, Joint Secretary of the International Missionary Council.

Mr Oldham stated that delegates had expected to be present from the Dansk Missionsraad and the Société Belge de Missions Protestantes au Congo, but that circumstances had prevented them from coming.

It was voted that the delegates appointed by the national missionary organizations and the co-opted and ex-officio members, named above, be accepted as constituting the membership of this meeting of the International Missionary Council, and that any questions relating to the personnel of the Council be referred for

consideration and report to the Committee on the Constitution, to be hereafter appointed.

4. **Organization and Programme.** Upon recommendation of the Committee of Reference, it was agreed

(1) That the appointment of Dr Mott as Chairman and Mr Oldham and Mr Warnshuis as Secretaries be confirmed for the period of this meeting.

(2) That Mr Galen M. Fisher, Dr P. de Benoit, and Rev. F. W. Bible be appointed Recording Secretaries for this meeting of the Council, with permission to take part in discussion but without vote.

(3) That the following daily time-table be adopted for this meeting of the Council :

Breakfast	7.30–9 a.m.
Morning Prayers	9.15 a.m.
Meeting	9.45 a.m.–12.45 p.m.
(In the course of the meeting a suitable period is to be devoted to intercession.)	
Dinner	1 p.m.
Free Time (available for committee meetings when required)	2–4 p.m.
Tea	4 p.m.
Meeting	4.30–6.15 p.m.
Supper	6.30 p.m.
Meeting	8–9.30 p.m.

(4) That Rev. Lauritz Larsen, D.D., President of the National Lutheran Council, be invited to attend this meeting of the Council as a visitor.

(5) That Mr C. H. Fahs, in consultation with the officers, be responsible for publicity while the Council is in session and that no information regarding its proceedings be given out during these days excepting through this channel.

5. **Rules of Procedure.** The following Rules of Procedure were adopted :

(1) Speakers shall be permitted to use the language of their choice, but speeches in any language other than English shall be translated, preferably by a summary at the close of each speech, but sentence by sentence if the speaker so desires.

(2) In all discussion all speeches shall be limited not to exceed seven minutes, excepting as otherwise arranged by the Business Committee.

(3) A Business Committee shall be appointed with the following duties:

(*a*) The Business Committee shall have general charge of the programme of the meeting. It shall decide the time to be allowed to each subject and to speakers invited to open the discussions.

(*b*) All recommendations, excepting those prepared by sub-committees appointed at this meeting, and all new matter introduced by individual members, to be voted upon by the International Missionary Council, shall be submitted to the Business Committee before presentation to the Council. All such resolutions must be submitted in writing.

(*c*) All questions of detail which are likely to involve explanations and needlessly occupy the time of the Council, may at the discretion of the Chairman be referred to the Business Committee.

(*d*) The Business Committee shall deal with questions as to the verbal form of resolutions. When such questions arise which in the judgment of the Chairman can be adjusted by the Business Committee, they shall be referred at once to that Committee without any motion.

(*e*) The Business Committee shall read the daily minutes and. after making any necessary corrections, approve them. It is understood that all resolutions will be submitted to the Council in writing and will be voted upon by the whole Council.

(*f*) The Business Committee shall act if and when required as a Nominating Committee.

6. **Committees.** Mr Oldham explained the functions of eight Committees to serve during this meeting, and it was agreed to appoint the following committees, the Chairman and Secretaries of the Council to be ex-officio members of all committees, and the conveners to have discretion to invite other persons to sit with their committees for consultation.

(1) *Business:*

Dr John H. Ritson (Convener).
Mrs William Boyd.
Rev. S. J. Corey.
Dr Paul de Schweinitz.
Dr Karl Fries.
Dr Alfred Gandier.
Miss G. A. Gollock.
Thomas S. Penny.

(2) *Constitution and Finance:*

Dr Frank Mason North (Convener).
Rev. John W. Burton.
Rev. Daniel Couve.
Dr R. Forgan.
Dr J. H. Franklin.
J. C. Gibson.
Bishop King.
Rev. Frank Lenwood.
Miss Florence Mackenzie.
Kenneth Maclennan.
Dr C. H. Patton.
Mrs Henry W. Peabody.
Hon. N. W. Rowell.
Fennell P. Turner.
Dr Charles R. Watson.
Bishop Kogoro Uzaki.

(3) *International Review of Missions:*

Rev. Canon S. Gould (Convener).
Mrs William Boyd.
Dr S. H. Chester.
Miss G. A. Gollock.
Dr W. D. Mackenzie.
Kenneth Maclennan.
Fennell P. Turner.
Rev. C. M. Williams.
Dr John W. Wood.

(4) *Christian Literature in the Mission Field:*

Dr C. H. Patton (Convener).
Miss Belle H. Bennett.
Rev. A. de Meuron.
Prof. J. du Plessis.
Dr James Endicott.
Rev. Chas. B. Hill.
Dr S. G. Inman.
Dr D. Willard Lyon.
Kenneth Maclennan.
Mrs Henry W. Peabody.
Dr S. H. Wainright.
Dr John H. Ritson.
Rev. A. W. Wilkie.

(5) *Near East and Work for Moslems:*

Dr Chas. R. Watson (Convener).
Dr J. E. K. Aggrey.
Dr A. J. Brown.
Dr W. I. Chamberlain.
Rev. Daniel Couve.
Prof. J. du Plessis.
Miss G. A. Gollock.
Rev. W. Oettli.
Dr C. H. Patton.
Baron C. W. van Boetzelaer.
Sir Robert Williams.
Dr S. M. Zwemer.

(6) *Missionary Problems in the Far East:*

Dr John R. Mott (Convener).
Dr A. J. Brown.
Rev. John W. Burton.
Dr James Endicott.
Dr J. H. Franklin.
William Hung.
Rev. H. Kozaki.
Dr D. Willard Lyon.
Albert Lunde.
Dr Frank Mason North.
Dr John H. Ritson.
Probst Matti Tarkkanen.
Dr Yu Yue Tsu.
Dr S. H. Wainright.
Sir Robert Williams.
Bishop Kogoro Uzaki.

(7) *Relations of Church and Mission:*

Bishop Kogoro Uzaki (Convener).
Dr J. E. K. Aggrey.
Dr A. J. Brown.
Dr S. K. Datta.
Dr J. H. Franklin.
Rev. Canon S. Gould.
Rev. C. B. Hill.
Nath. Högman.
William Hung.
Bishop King.
Rev. H. Kozaki.
Rev. Frank Lenwood.
Dr D. Willard Lyon.
Dr Ma Saw Sa.
Dr Yu Yue Tsu.
Dr S. H. Wainright.

(8) *Restrictions on Missionary Work:*

Baron C. W. van Boetzelaer (Convener).
Dr A. J. Brown.
Rev. Daniel Couve.
Dr S. K. Datta.
Dr R. Forgan.
Rev. Canon Gould.
D. A. Hunter.
Rev. Frank Lenwood.
Rev. A. de Meuron.
Rev. W. Oettli.
Mrs Henry W. Peabody
Prof. J. du Plessis.
Rev. John Stene.
Fennell P. Turner.
Dr Chas. R. Watson.
Sir Robert Williams.
Dr Luther B. Wolf.

Dr Lauritz Larsen to be invited to attend the meetings of this Committee.

7. **The Relations of Church and Mission.** A paper on this subject had been prepared for this meeting by Dr A. J. Brown, and was presented in printed form, having been mailed in advance to all the delegates. (See *International Review of Missions*, October 1921, p. 478.) The discussion was opened by Dr Brown and was participated in by Mr Warnshuis, Mr Kozaki, Dr Zwemer and Professor du Plessis.

A period of intercession was led by Sir Robert Williams.

Second Session, October 1, 4.30–6.15 *p.m.*

The session was opened with prayer.

8. **The Relations of Church and Mission** (*continued*). The discussion of this subject was continued, being participated in by Dr Chester, Dr Forgan, Dr Inman, Sir Robert Williams, Mr Wilkie, Dr Jones, Dr Franklin, Pastor Couve, Dr Wolf, Dr Aggrey, Dr North and Dr Datta.

Third Session, October 1, 8–9.30 *p.m.*

The session was opened by the singing of a hymn and with prayer led by Rev. C. Mollan Williams.

9. **Financial Statements.** The audited financial statements of the International Missionary Council for the year ending March 31, 1921, were presented by Mr Warnshuis. These financial statements were referred to the Committee on Constitution and Finance.

The audited financial statements of the *International Review of Missions* for the year ending September 30, 1920, were also presented by Mr Warnshuis. These financial statements were referred to the Committee on the *International Review of Missions.*

10. **Reports of Executive Officers.** The reports of the Executive Officers, Mr Oldham, Mr Warnshuis and Miss Gollock, were presented in printed form by Mr Warnshuis. These reports were referred to the Committee on Constitution and Finance.

11. **Christian Literature in the Mission Field.** A report on the progress that has been made in the development of Christian Literature in the Mission Field since the last meeting of the Continuation Committee of the World Missionary Conference was presented in typewritten form by Mr Warnshuis. This report was referred to the Committee on Christian Literature in the Mission Field.

12. **The Relations of Church and Mission.** The discussion of this topic was continued, being participated in by Mrs Peabody, Canon Gould, M. de Meuron, Mr Hill, Mr Rowell, Mr Lenwood, Dr Moton and Dr Tsu. (For the report of the Committee on this subject, see Minute No. 48.)

Sunday, October 2

There were no business sessions of the International Missionary Council. The members attended divine service at 11 o'clock, when a sermon was preached by Dr Mackenzie from the text, Heb. xii. 1, 2.

At 4.30 in the afternoon the Council united in a service of intercession led by Mr Lenwood.

Fourth Session, October 3, 9.45 *a.m.*–12.45 *p.m.*

The session was opened by the singing of a hymn and by prayer led by Missionsinspektor Oettli.

13. Christian Education in the Mission Field. This subject was introduced by Mr Oldham, to whom it had been assigned by the Conference at Crans as a subject of special study. The discussion was participated in by Dr Mackenzie, Mr Rowell, Dr Tsu, Mr Burton, Dr Wainright, Baron van Boetzelaer, Dr North, Mr Fisher, Dr Watson, Dr Moton, and at the close was summarized by Dr Mott and Mr Oldham.

It was agreed that it be referred to the Committee on the Constitution to consider whether it is desirable to constitute an international committee to study the subject of Christian Education in the Mission Field, and if so, on what lines it could best be constituted.

In the course of the forenoon a period of intercession was led by Dr de Benoit.

Fifth Session, October 3, 4.30–6.15 *p.m.*

The session was opened with prayer.

By invitation Mrs A. W. Wilkie was present as a member of the Africa Educational Commission.

14. Report of the Africa Educational Commission. The report of the Africa Educational Commission was presented by its Chairman, Dr Thomas Jesse Jones. The recommendations of the Commission, in typewritten form, were laid before the Council. The subject was discussed by Mr Wilkie, Mrs Wilkie, Miss Bennett, Dr Moton, Dr Wolf, Mr Oldham, Dr Wood, Dr Aggrey, Dr Chester, Mrs Peabody, Professor du Plessis, Sir Robert Williams, Mr Williams, Missionsinspektor Oettli, Dr Mackenzie, Dr Zwemer, Dr Wolf and Mr Gibson.

The session was closed with the singing of a hymn and with prayer led by Mr Lenwood.

Sixth Session, October 3, 8–9.30 *p.m.*

The session was opened with prayer.

15. Labour in British East Africa. Mr Oldham reported that during the past year, on the initiative of missionaries in East

Africa and the missionary societies in Great Britain, an influential approach had been made to Lord Milner, Secretary of State for the Colonies, by the heads of religious bodies, with the support of members of the two Houses of Parliament, heads of universities and others occupying prominent positions in public life, with reference to unsatisfactory labour conditions in East Africa; and that on Lord Milner's resignation the matter was again taken up with his successor. The chief grounds of disquiet were the issue by the government of Kenya Colony of a circular instructing officers of government, including native chiefs and headmen, to assist and encourage natives to seek work on farms and plantations, which instructions, it was feared, would in existing conditions result in practical compulsion of labour for private employers; and the passing in the same colony and also in Uganda and Zanzibar of ordinances making natives liable for two months' paid labour on government work unless they could show that they had already worked for three months for an employer. The representations made by the missionary societies and others were sympathetically received by the government, and a new dispatch (Cmd. 1509) applicable to Kenya Colony, Uganda and Zanzibar has been issued in which two important principles are laid down.

(1) In regard to voluntary labour for private employers, it is laid down that 'beyond taking steps to place at the disposal of natives any information which they may possess as to where labour is required, and at the disposal of employers information as to sources of labour available for voluntary recruitment, the government officials will in future take no part in recruiting labour for private employment'; the disinterested and impartial position of officers of government in regard to both employers of labour and native labourers being thus made clear and unambiguous.

(2) In regard to compulsory paid work for government, it is laid down that it is the declared policy of the government to avoid recourse to compulsory labour for government purposes except when this is absolutely necessary for essential services; that while in order to meet emergencies the legislation empowering the government to obtain compulsory labour must remain on the statute book, the purposes for which such compulsory labour may be required (apart from the provision of paid porters for government servants on tour or for the transport of urgent government stores) must be specified in the ordinance; and that authority to utilize the powers conferred by the ordinance must in each instance be previously

obtained from the Secretary of State. The necessity of previous reference to the Secretary of State, who is responsible to Parliament, appears to be an entirely adequate safeguard.

The Council expressed its cordial appreciation of the report.

16. **Conditions in Portuguese Africa.** Mr Warnshuis made a statement regarding labour conditions and hindrances to missionary work in Portuguese Africa. The subject was discussed by Baron van Boetzelaer, M. de Meuron, Professor du Plessis, Dr Wolf and Mr Penny. (See Minute No. 52.)

17. **Missionary Freedom in Mandated Territories.** Mr Oldham reminded the Council of action taken by the Foreign Missions Conference in North America and the Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland to secure the inclusion of clauses guaranteeing religious toleration and missionary freedom in the mandates given to the Powers to whom the ex-German and ex-Turkish territories were assigned under the Versailles Treaty, and submitted the following articles which appear in the draft mandates:

Draft Mandate for Mesopotamia and Palestine (Class 'A')

ARTICLE 15

The mandatory will see that complete freedom of conscience and the free exercise of all forms of worship, subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals, is ensured to all. No discrimination of any kind shall be made between the inhabitants of Palestine on the ground of race, religion or language. No person shall be excluded from Palestine on the sole ground of his religious belief.

The right of each community to maintain its own schools for the education of its own members in its own language (while conforming to such educational requirements of a general nature as the Administration may impose) shall not be denied or impaired.

ARTICLE 16

The mandatory shall be responsible for exercising such supervision over religious or eleemosynary bodies of all faiths in Palestine as may be required for the maintenance of public order and good government. Subject to such supervision, no measures shall be taken in Palestine to obstruct or interfere with the enterprise of such

bodies or to discriminate against any representative or member of them on the ground of his religion or nationality.

Draft Mandate for East Africa (Class 'B')

ARTICLE 7

The mandatory shall secure to all nationals of States Members of the League of Nations the same rights as are enjoyed in the territory by his own nationals in respect to entry into and residence in the territory, the protection afforded to their person and property, the acquisition of property, movable and immovable, and the exercise of their profession or trade, subject only to the requirements of public order, and on condition of compliance with the local law.

Further, the mandatory shall ensure to all nationals of States Members of the League of Nations, on the same footing as to his own nationals, freedom of transit and navigation, and complete economic, commercial and industrial equality; provided that the mandatory shall be free to organize essential public works and services on such terms and conditions as he thinks just.

Concessions for the development of the natural resources of the territory shall be granted by the mandatory without distinction on grounds of nationality between the nationals of all States Members of the League of Nations, but on such conditions as will maintain intact the authority of the local government.

The rights conferred by this article extend equally to companies and associations organized in accordance with the law of any of the Members of the League of Nations, subject only to the requirements of public order, and on condition of compliance with the local law.

ARTICLE 8

The mandatory shall ensure complete freedom of conscience, and the free exercise of all forms of worship which are consonant with public order and morality.

Missionaries of all such religions shall be free to enter the territory and to travel and reside therein, to acquire and possess property, to erect religious buildings and to open schools throughout the territory.

The mandatory shall, however, have the right to exercise such control as may be necessary for the maintenance of public order and good government and to take all measures required for such control.

Draft Mandate for Togoland and Cameroons (Class 'B')

ARTICLE 6

(As Article 7 of the Draft Mandate for East Africa.)

ARTICLE 7

Subject to the provisions of any local law for the maintenance of public order and public morals, the mandatory shall ensure in the territory freedom of conscience and the free exercise of all forms of worship, and shall allow all missionaries, nationals of any State, Member of the League of Nations, to enter into, travel and reside in the territory for the purpose of prosecuting their calling.

The Class 'C' Mandates (South-West Africa, Samoa, etc.) contain a clause identical with that of the draft mandates for Togoland and Cameroons.

18. **Religious Freedom in Egypt.** Mr Oldham reported that the question of religious and missionary freedom under the proposed new constitution had been engaging the attention of the missions in that country; that conferences on the subject had taken place with Dr Charles R. Watson during his visit to London in Sept. 1920; that representations had been made by the United Presbyterian Mission to the Department of State at Washington; and that at the suggestion of the missions working in Egypt the Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland had invited Canon W. H. T. Gairdner to come to London from Cairo to assist in presenting the matter to the British Government. Conferences were held with some of those interested in the negotiations regarding the new constitution, and a communication was sent to the Foreign Office asking that a clause guaranteeing to all complete freedom of conscience and the free exercise of all forms of worship should be included in any Treaty which might be arranged between Great Britain and Egypt, and calling attention to the fact that to ensure that the guarantee should be effective in practice it was desirable that the organic law of Egypt should include provisions dealing specifically with such matters as the following:

(*a*) That no one shall be subject to any civil disability on the ground of religion or of a change in his religion, if the change is made after attainment of years of discretion.

(*b*) Provision by the promulgation of a civil code for marriage to meet the needs of spouses who differ in religion and who can-

not agree upon an ecclesiastical tribunal to which to bring their disputes, and of those who desire to be married civilly.

(*c*) Provision by the promulgation of a civil code of inheritance to deal with cases where the testator and heir, or where the several heirs, differ in religion.

(*d*) That no judgment shall in future be executed by the government that contravenes the foregoing provisions.

(*e*) That there shall be no discrimination on the ground of religion or nationality in regard to the taxation, or exemption from taxation, of property designated and used for religious and charitable purposes.

The Council united in prayer led by Dr Zwemer.

19. **Alien Missionaries in India.** Mr Oldham reported that a letter had been received from the Secretary of State for India stating that the following addition had been made to the Memorandum laying down the conditions under which missionaries of alien nationality are at present admitted into India :

Memorandum A. '10. *Exceptional conditions under which missionaries of former enemy nationality may be admitted to India.* —It should be understood that the Government of India have adopted a strict policy of excluding persons of former enemy nationality from India for a period of five years after the war irrespective of their individual occupations.

'In the event, however, of representations being made by the authorities of a recognized society, and supported by the Conference (i.e. The Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland, or the Foreign Missions Conference of North America), to the effect that the full enforcement in the case of the missionaries employed by such society of the prohibition against individuals of former enemy nationality would result in the loss of, or grave injury to, any mission now being conducted in India by such society by reason of the impossibility of securing the requisite number of missionaries to fill the posts made vacant by the exclusion of former enemy nationals, then the Government of India, if they are satisfied that these representations are well grounded, will have no objection to considering and dealing with exceptional applications for the introduction of individuals of former enemy nationality, for missionary work, subject to the following conditions :

'i. The official head in India of the mission in which it is desired to introduce any such individual must be a British subject ;

'ii. The conditions of Memorandum A must be complied with;

'iii. In particular the good faith of the individual whom it is desired to admit must be guaranteed in the manner prescribed in Memorandum A 5 (IV.) (*b*) by the Conference;

'iv. The authorities of the society will transmit to the India Office through the Conference the application of each such individual on a prescribed form together with the guarantee prescribed in (iii) above;

'v. It is understood that only a limited number of applications will be made, that they will be confined to cases of genuine necessity from the point of view of the mission, and will normally be made on behalf of missionaries who have previously worked in India;

'vi. The India Office will transmit each application to the Government of India, which will consider each case on its merits having special regard to the previous record of the applicant;

'vii. In the event of the Government of India being able to relax their general rule of excluding all former enemy nationals in favour of a missionary applying in the manner prescribed above, they will communicate their decision by telegraph and the necessary facilities for the journey of such missionary to India will thereupon be granted.'

20. **Restrictions in South Africa.** Brief statements regarding restrictions with reference to the admission of alien missionaries into South Africa were made by Mr Oldham and Professor du Plessis. The subject was discussed by Mr Turner.

21. **German Missions in New Guinea.** Mr Burton reported the action of the United Missionary Council in Australia in approaching the Australian Government with regard to German missions in New Guinea, which had resulted in permission being given for the German missionaries to remain for a period of seven years, after which period the question would be reconsidered. The subject was discussed by Canon Gould and Dr Forgan.

22. **Restrictions in French Africa.** Pastor Couve made a statement regarding restrictions on missions in French Africa. (See Minute No. 53.)

Seventh Session, October 4, 9.45 a.m.–12.45 p.m.

The session was opened with the singing of a hymn, followed by the recitation in unison of the Apostles' Creed, and with prayer led by the Chairman.

23. **Dr Mackenzie's Sermon.** With reference to the request that had been made for the publication of the sermon preached by Dr Mackenzie on Sunday, upon recommendation of the Business Committee, it was agreed not to issue the sermon as an official publication of the Council, lest an embarrassing precedent be set, but to express the hope that it might be printed in some other way.

The Chairman requested Dr Ritson to take the chair.

24. **International Co-operation.** A paper on this subject had been prepared for this meeting by Dr Mott, and was presented in printed form, having been mailed in advance to all the delegates. (See *International Review of Missions*, January 1922.) The discussion was introduced by Dr Mott and continued by Bishop King, Baron van Boetzelaer, Dr Inman, Dr Fries, Mrs Peabody, Mr Maclennan, Dr Wainright, Dr Corey, Dr Forgan, Dr Patton, Dr Wolf, Mr Burton, Dr North, Dr Brown, Dr Endicott, Dr Chester, Dr Ritson, Mr Tarkkanen, Canon Gould, Dr Larsen, and Dr Mackenzie.

A period of intercession was led by Miss Mackenzie.

Eighth Session, October 4, 4.30–6.15 *p.m.*

The session was opened with prayer.

25. **The Call and Preparation of Missionaries.** A paper on this subject had been prepared for this meeting by Miss Gollock, and was presented in printed form, having been mailed in advance to all the delegates. The discussion was opened by Miss Gollock and was participated in by Dr Gandier, Miss Bennett, Dr Corey, Miss Mackenzie, Mr Hunter, Dr Zwemer, Dr Lyon, Dr Mackenzie.

26. **The 'International Review of Missions.'** The report of the Committee on the *International Review of Missions* was presented by its Chairman, Canon Gould. It was resolved:

(1) That the warm gratitude of the Council be expressed to Mr J. H. Oldham and Miss G. A. Gollock, the editors, and to Mr Kenneth Maclennan, the business manager, of the *International Review of Missions*, for the very great service to the missionary cause throughout the world which they have rendered in the establishment and steady development of that periodical, whose high quality and immense value are universally recognized.

(2) That the audited accounts for the year ending September 30, 1920, be accepted and approved, as follows:

INTERNATIONAL REVIEW OF MISSIONS

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For Year ending September 30, 1920

Expenditure

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Advertising				26	18	3
Books and Magazines				6	5	1
Carriage and Postage on Review				170	10	5
Commission on Sales				156	13	6
Contributors' Fees				69	7	8
Miscellaneous				14	9	3
Miscellaneous Postages				19	15	7½
Printing of the Review				887	1	2
Rent, Rates, etc.				42	14	6
Salaries				320	0	0
Stationery				75	12	6
Travelling Expenses				8	15	2
				1798	3	1½
Expenditure at New York Office—						
Clerical Help	254	19	6			
Postages on Review	124	2	11			
Stationery	207	15	7	586	18	0
				2385	1	1½
Add—						
Sums written off:						
Interest on Capital (4 per cent.)				141	9	0
Proportion of Preliminary Expenses (10 per cent. of £767 4s. 11½d.)				76	14	6
Proportion of Books and Magazines				4	12	6
Proportion of Office Furnishings				6	3	0
				228	19	0
				2614	0	1½

Revenue

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Subscription Sales				1818	6	5½
Cash Sales				12	1	9
Reprints				0	4	3
World Missionary Conference Publications				45	9	4
				1876	1	9½
Less—						
Subscriptions in advance	157	17	10			
Book Debts at Sept. 30, 1919	3	0	0	160	17	10
				1715	3	11½
Proceeds of Advertisements				77	19	10
Interest on Deposit Account				7	11	10
Donation from Committee of Reference and Council ($1864)				476	11	10
Loss for year carried to Balance Sheet				336	12	8
				2614	0	1½

INTERNATIONAL REVIEW OF MISSIONS

Balance Sheet as at September 30, 1920

Assets	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Office Furniture		4 1 8
Books		13 10 4
Sundry Debtors		449 0 0
Balance in Bank Account	81 1 1	
Cash on Hand	22 7 6	
		103 8 7
Preliminary Expenses—		
Balance per last Balance Sheet	153 19 6	
Less Amount written off	76 14 6	
		77 5 0
Profit and Loss Account—		
Balance per last Balance Sheet	3901 9 9	
Loss for year	336 12 8	
		4238 2 5
		4885 8 0

Liabilities	£ s. d.
Capital, consisting of Advances from—	
Continuation Committee World Missionary Conference, 1910	3536 1 5½
Reserve Fund	822 1 0
Subscriptions received in Advance	157 17 10
Sundry Creditors	369 7 8½
	4885 8 0

(3) That the assets and liabilities of the Review as at that date be taken over by the International Missionary Council.

(4) That the sum at debit of the Capital Account be written off as at September 30, 1920.

(5) That the balance of cash in bank and in hand as at September 30, 1920, be carried forward to the credit of the Income Account.

(6) That Mr J. H. Oldham and Miss G. A. Gollock be joint editors.

(7) That Mr A. L. Warnshuis be business manager.

(8) That the Council recognize with thankfulness the successful maintenance of the Review during the years of war, and in particular the high appreciation it has won from scholars, missionary leaders, missionaries on the field, and thoughtful students in every land.

(9) That, whereas the Review does not reach, as yet, a sufficiently large proportion of the constituency which it is designed to serve, the members of the Council undertake to extend its circulation by every means in their power.

(10) That the Council invite mission boards to follow the example of several British Committees who, either through a block grant or by private benevolence, have arranged that in every mission station a copy of the *International Review of Missions* should be at the disposal of the missionaries.

(11) That Mission Boards be requested to accord to the Editors, as opportunities may arise, the privilege of placing before their members the value of the Review.

(12) That the publicity campaign initiated in connexion with the issue of the Double Number at the beginning of the Eleventh Volume be vigorously prosecuted, and that the Business Committee of the Review be asked to sanction the necessary expenditure.

(13) That an Advisory Business Committee of six be constituted, the members to be appointed by the Chairman of the Council.

The session was closed with the singing of a hymn and the benediction.

Ninth Session, October 5, 9.45 a.m.–12.45 p.m.

The session was opened with the singing of a hymn and with prayer led by Dr Fries.

27. Christian Literature in the Mission Field. The report of the Committee on Christian Literature in the Mission Field was presented by Mr Warnshuis. The discussion of the subject was participated in by Dr Patton, Chairman of the Committee, Dr Ritson, Dr Mott, Mr Hung, Dr Wainright, Mr Maclennan, Dr Wood, Mr Wilkie, Dr Aggrey, Mr Bible, Canon Gould, Dr Endicott, Dr Franklin and Dr Chester. The following resolutions were adopted:

(1) That the Council express its appreciation of the contributions made by missionary societies in setting aside missionaries for literary work and in supporting mission presses and various forms of literary work, and they express the earnest hope that these efforts will be fully maintained. At the same time the Committee feel that much urgently necessary Literature can be produced and distributed effectively only by co-operation between different missionary societies, and this Committee therefore would emphasize the importance of the hearty support on the part of all foreign missionary boards and societies of co-operative plans for Christian Literature.

(2) That the Council express hearty appreciation also of the work done by the Tract and Literature Societies. It is desired that these united plans of the foreign missionary societies may not hamper but rather increase the usefulness of these societies. The method of co-operating with the Tract and Literature Societies in the field and with the missions in their literature projects is a matter that should be dealt with by the central literature councils in each field.

(3) That direct relationships be maintained between the literature agencies in the field and the Literature Committees of the British and North American Foreign Missionary Conferences, and others that may be appointed by other similar organizations.

(4) That the Field Organizations in Japan, Korea, China, India, the Near East and Africa be advised to send their statements of program and their financial budgets for co-operative work to the Literature Committees in Europe and America. At the present time such committees are organized only in Great Britain and America, and it is therefore suggested to these two committees that they consult together and reach a conclusion as to the askings of the Field Organizations and the total amount which should be sought in a given year and also as to

how this sum should be divided between the British and American Committees.

(5) That it is unnecessary to appoint an International Committee on Literature but the meetings of the Council should serve for purposes of consultation regarding co-operative plans for carrying forward the world-wide task of developing a Christian Literature on the Mission Field.

(6) That the secretaries of the Council be instructed to confer with the national missionary organizations not already participating regarding the ways and means by which they may share in the united promotion of Christian Literature on the Mission Field.

(7) That in order to promote the more effective production and circulation of literature adapted to the needs and temper of the people, it is urged that each Field Organization be made as representative as possible of the churches of the country.

(8) That the Committee in North America be encouraged to carry forward its Survey of Literature for Moslems; and that the Committee in Great Britain be encouraged to carry forward its Survey of Literature in Africa.

(9) That the secretaries of the Council be instructed to prepare a report to be presented to the next meeting of the Council reviewing the progress made in all the foreign mission fields in the production and use of Christian Literature and that for this purpose reports should be sent to Mr A. L. Warnshuis.

(10) In connexion with these recommendations regarding the development of Christian Literature on the Mission Field, the Council reaffirms its statement that the only bodies entitled to determine missionary policy are the missionary societies and boards (or the churches they represent) and the churches in the mission field.

28. **The Relations of Church and Mission** (*continued*). The report of the Committee on the Relations of Church and Mission was presented by its Chairman, Bishop Uzaki. The report was discussed by Canon Gould, Dr North, Mr Oldham, Dr Brown, Mr Hill, Professor du Plessis, Sir Robert Williams, Mr Hunter, Dr Endicott, Dr Wolf, Dr Forgan and Dr Aggrey.

The recommendations were referred back to the Committee with instructions to incorporate the various changes and suggestions that had been made. (See Minute No. 48.)

A period of united intercession was led by Dr Patton.

Tenth Session, October 5, 4.30–6.15 p.m.

The session was opened with the singing of a hymn and with prayer led by the Chairman.

29. Missionary Problems in the Far East. The report of the Committee was presented for the Chairman by Dr Ritson. The report was discussed by Dr Zwemer, Mr Oldham, Canon Gould, Dr Fries, Dr Brown, Mr Lenwood, Dr Endicott, Dr Mackenzie, Dr de Schweinitz and Dr Franklin. The recommendations were considered *seriatim*, and referred back to the Committee. (See Minute No. 44.)

30. The Near East and Work for Moslems. The report of the Committee on the Near East and Work for Moslems was presented by its Chairman, Dr Watson. The recommendations were considered *seriatim*, and were discussed by Bishop King, Mr Oldham, Mr Maclennan, Mr Turner, Canon Gould, Dr Brown, Dr North, Dr Watson, Dr Mott, Dr Zwemer, Miss Gollock, Dr Patton and Dr Watson.

The recommendations were referred back to the Committee. (See Minute No. 49.)

31. Opium Traffic. A statement concerning the traffic in opium and its derivative drugs was presented in typewritten form by Mr Warnshuis, of which the following is a summary:

1. The Opium Convention of The Hague, 1912, is the basis for all international legislation and action for the suppression of illegal trade in opium and its derivative drugs. The Convention was ratified by only a few of the nations before the outbreak of the war.

2. Under agreements with European powers, China stopped the growing of poppy by her own people, and the importation of opium was progressively limited until on March 31, 1917, it was completely prohibited. Since that date all trade in opium and its derivative drugs is illegal in China.

3. The smuggling of morphia into China has increased five-fold within a decade. In a statement by Dr Wu Lien-teh, a government expert who is in a position to give authoritative information, it is shown that the amount brought into the country in 1911 was 5½ tons. In 1914 it was 14 tons and it increased to 22½ tons in 1917. It appeared that most of this morphia was manufactured in Great Britain and sold to Japanese agents, who brought it into China. Upon representations by the Missionary Societies in Great Britain, the British Government enacted restrictions on the exportation of morphia which effectively reduced the amount sent out from that country, although it was still possible to send it in postal parcels which passed through the United States 'in bond.' These restrictions, however, have resulted only in increasing the business of manufacturers of morphia in Philadelphia, Newark and New York. This is proven by the labels on the packages seized by the Chinese Customs. The business has continued to increase, and the amount entering China in 1919 was not less than 28 tons. In 1920, by executive action of the United States Government, the passing of parcels containing morphia and other drugs 'in bond' through the United States was stopped. An important bill is now before Congress intended to prohibit

the exportation from the United States of opium and all its derivative drugs for other than medicinal purposes. Measures, such as these, are most important, but it is apparent that the illicit trade in these drugs can be effectively controlled only by international action which will limit the growing of poppy to such an extent as to provide only for the legitimate medicinal needs of the world.

4. The Treaty of Versailles has provided for the ratification of The Hague Convention by all the powers signing that Treaty. The League of Nations and the Netherlands Government are inviting all other nations to ratify the Opium Convention as soon as possible. The control of Opium Traffic, which under the Hague Convention had been entrusted to Holland, by the request of that Government, has now been transferred to the League of Nations, which has appointed a Commission to carry out this duty. This Commission met in May 1921, and has adopted the principle of limiting the growing of poppy as the most effective means of restricting the trade in opium. It also recommended the appointment of experts to report on the amount of opium needed annually by the world for medicinal purposes. At the meeting in June 1921, the Council of the League decided to invite Governments, already parties to The Hague Convention, to adopt measures to make the articles of that Convention effective in preventing contraband trade in opium and other dangerous drugs. It is expected that further important action will be taken by the Assembly of the League at its meeting in September 1921.

The suppression of illicit trade in these drugs is one of immense difficulty, both because the smuggling of them is comparatively easy and because it is enormously profitable.

The trade is recognized as both illegal and immoral in Great Britain, United States, Japan and China, the countries most concerned in the trade and in which the foreign missionary agencies of the Protestant churches are most active. It seems, therefore, right and important that the foreign missionary agencies should lead in enlisting the whole-hearted and energetic support of the Christian Churches in securing and enforcing the anti-opium legislation that is needed.

The problem varies somewhat in the different countries. In Great Britain, it is a question of enforcing the legislation governing the manufacture and exportation of these drugs, and of limiting the growing of poppy in India, and of providing other sources of revenue for the government in India and in the crown colonies of Hong-Kong and the Straits Settlements. In the United States the task is that of restricting the manufacture and trade in these drugs and prohibiting their export. In Japan it is a question of preventing the growing of poppy, and the illicit trade in opium and its drugs should be effectively stopped. With reference to all countries, it is urgent that the Christian forces should support strongly the efforts of the League of Nations in securing the necessary legislation and the effective enforcement of it in all parts of the world, for the prohibition of all illicit opium trade.

It should be noted that the Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain in June 1921 appointed a committee on the subject.

The following two resolutions were adopted:

(1) That the International Missionary Council address communications to the National Missionary Organizations in Great Britain, the United States, Japan, China and India, suggesting that they give special attention to this problem of the traffic in opium and its derivative drugs. While recognizing that the problem varies in the different countries so that each national missionary organization must be left free to employ such methods

as are adapted to the situation in its own country, it is recommended that these organizations undertake to enlist the full support of the Christian churches in securing the enactment and enforcement of adequate legislation prohibiting the trade in these drugs and limiting the growing of poppy to the amount needed by the world for medicinal purposes.

(2) That the secretaries of the Council keep themselves informed concerning the actions of the League of Nations with reference to the Opium Trade, and that they transmit such information to the National Missionary Organizations.

The session was closed with the benediction pronounced by Canon Gould.

Eleventh Session, October 5, 8–10 p.m.

The session was opened with prayer led by Dr Mackenzie.

32. **Restrictions on Missionary Work.** The report of the Committee was presented by its chairman, Baron van Boetzelaer. The report was discussed by Mr Lenwood, Mr Oldham, Dr Patton, Dr Mackenzie, Mr Maclennan, Canon Gould, Dr Endicott, Dr Brown, Mr Wilkie, Mr Hill, Dr Ritson, Dr Fries, M. Couve, Mr Turner, Mr Hung, Professor du Plessis, Dr Wood, Dr Mott, Mr Burton, Missionsinspektor Oettli, Mr Penny, Bishop King, Sir Robert Williams, and Dr Aggrey.

The report was referred back to the Committee. (See Minute No. 50.)

Twelfth Session, October 6, 9.45 a.m.–12.45 p.m.

The session was opened with prayer by Bishop Uzaki.

33. **Constitution.** The report of the Committee on the Constitution and Finance was presented by its chairman, Dr North. It was discussed by Dr Zwemer, Mr Tarkkanen, Canon Gould, Mr Oldham, Sir Robert Williams, Dr Endicott, Dr Patton, Dr Brown, Mr Turner, Dr Wolf, Mr Burton, Dr Ritson, Dr Gandier, Dr de Schweinitz, Dr Watson, Mr Gibson, Mr Maclennan, Dr Lyon, Baron van Boetzelaer, Dr Franklin, M. de Meuron, and Bishop King. The recommendations were considered *seriatim*, and the following minute with reference to the organization and constitution of the International Missionary Council was adopted :

Whereas, at the International Missionary Conference held at Crans, Switzerland, June 22–28, 1920, a minute looking to

the organization of an International Missionary Committee was adopted as follows:

'21. **International Missionary Committee.** On report of the Business Committee a Minute with reference to the formation of an international missionary committee was unanimously adopted as follows:

'I. This conference recommends to the national missionary organizations[1] the establishment of an International Missionary Committee on the following basis:

(1) The Committee shall be established on the basis that the only bodies entitled to determine missionary policy are the missionary societies and boards and the churches in the mission field.

(2) The Committee shall be constituted by the national missionary organizations in the different countries which shall be entitled to send representatives as follows:

Foreign Missions Conference of North America (United States and Canada)	20
Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland	14
Australasia	2
South Africa	2
German Missions-ausschuss	6
France	4
Dutch Committee of Advice	2
Swedish General Missionary Conference	2
Switzerland	2
Norway	2
Danish Missionary Council	1
National Joint Missions Committee of Finland ..	1
Belgium	1
Japan Continuation Committee	3
China Continuation Committee	3
Indian National Missionary Council	3

In countries where there is no representative organization the Committee of Reference referred to later shall have power to determine the means by which representation shall be effected.

Where the number of representatives from national missionary organizations in Europe and North America exceed two, not more than two-thirds of the number of representatives shall be executive officers of missionary societies or boards.

Two out of the three representatives each from Japan, China and India shall be nationals of these countries.

The Committee of Reference referred to later shall have power to nominate co-opted members not exceeding eight from countries and mission fields not otherwise represented, including Africa and the Near East.

Members of the Committee shall hold office until their successors are appointed, the length of term of office and the method of appointment to be determined in each country by the national missionary organization.

It is understood that the Committee will function internationally, and that the

[1] The term 'national missionary organization' is used to describe the interdenominational conferences or committees in which in different countries the missionary societies are united for common consultation and co-operation. It should be noted, however, that the Foreign Missions Conference of North America is international, including the mission boards both of the United States and Canada.

national sections of the Committee will not take action as national groups though they may be called together by the officers for purposes of consultation if this should seem necessary.

(3) The functions of the Committee shall be the following :

(*a*) To stimulate thinking and investigation on missionary questions, to enlist in the solution of these questions the best knowledge and experience to be found in all countries and to make the results available for all missionary societies and missions.

(*b*) To help to co-ordinate the activities of the national missionary organizations in the different countries and of the societies they represent and to bring about united action where necessary in missionary questions.

(*c*) Through common consultation to help to unite Christian public opinion in support of freedom of conscience and religion and of missionary liberty.

(*d*) To help to unite the Christian forces of the world in seeking justice in international and inter-racial relations, especially where politically weaker people are involved.

(*e*) To be responsible for the publication of the *International Review of Missions* and such other publications as in the judgment of the Committee may contribute to the study of missionary questions.

(*f*) To call another world missionary conference if and when this should be desirable.

(4) The Committee shall ordinarily meet every second year, but a special meeting of the Committee may be called or the regular meeting postponed if the Committee of Reference, after consulting with the co-operating missionary organizations, are satisfied that this is desirable.

(5) The Committee shall have power to appoint officers to carry out the functions assigned to it.

(6) The Committee shall appoint a Committee of Reference to act for it in the intervals between its meetings with the right to fill vacancies in its own membership.

(7) The Committee shall prepare an annual budget, which shall be submitted to the national missionary organizations of the sending countries for approval and towards which they will be asked to contribute in a proportion to be agreed upon and corresponding generally to the total income received at home by the missionary societies co-operating in the national missionary organizations.

(8) The conclusions of the Committee shall be reported to the national missionary organizations for their approval, and no independent action shall be taken or pronouncement made by the Committee except in matters of urgency and only when the representatives of the co-operating national missionary organizations are confident that the action or pronouncement will commend itself to the organizations they represent.

(9) It is recognized that the successful working of the International Missionary Committee is entirely dependent on the gift from God of the spirit of fellowship, mutual understanding and desire to co-operate.

'II. This conference recommends to the national missionary organizations that they approve of the following being asked to act as a special committee to make preparations for the first meeting of the International Committee and to act until that committee has met :

Rev. C. C. B. Bardsley, D.D.
Rev. J. L. Barton, D.D.
Pasteur D. Couve
Dr Karl Fries
Rev. Principal Gandier, D.D.
Zendingsdirektor J. W. Gunning, D.D.
Mr F. H. Hawkins
Rev. Bishop Hennig, D.D.
Rev. Frank Mason North, D.D.
Rev. J. H. Ritson, D.D.
Rev. Paul de Schweinitz, D.D.
Robert E. Speer, D.D.
Rt. Rev. Bishop of Winchester,

with the Chairman, Secretaries and Acting Treasurer named in the following paragraph.

'III. The conference recommends to the national missionary organizations that subject to final ratification by the International Missionary Committee they approve of the appointment of Dr John R. Mott as Chairman and Mr J. H. Oldham as Secretary of the international committee and of an approach being made to the Rev. A. L. Warnshuis, D.D., to become Mr Oldham's colleague in the secretariat, and to Mr James M. Speers to serve as Acting Treasurer.

'IV. The conference recommends that the first meeting of the International Missionary Committee should be held in North America in the year 1921.

'V. It is understood that the Emergency Committee of Co-operating Missions will continue its present functions until the above plan has received the general approval of the national missionary organizations in the different countries, when it will transfer its responsibilities to the International Missionary Committee or the special committee named in paragraph II above.

'VI. That the Foreign Missions Conference in North America and the Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain be thanked for underwriting the budget for international missionary co-operation for the present year in the proportion of seven-tenths and three-tenths respectively. That the national missionary organizations on the Continent be approached with a view to their making a proportionate contribution if they so desire, and that the officers of the International Missionary Committee be asked to submit at its first meeting a statement regarding the distribution of the budget between the different countries represented on the committee.

'VII. That the national missionary organizations be asked to provide for the expenses of their representatives in attending the meeting of the International Missionary Committee, and that it be remitted to the officers in consultation with the Committee of Reference and Counsel in America and the Standing Committee in Great Britain to raise a special fund to assist in meeting the expenses of Oriental delegates and of representatives from countries which find it difficult to meet the entire expense involved.

'VIII. That arrangements connected with the taking over of the funds of the Emergency Committee and the opening of a bank account be left in the hands of the British members of the special committee with powers.'

Whereas, the foregoing minute was submitted to the national missionary organizations therein referred to, and they approved of the same, including the appointment of a special committee to make preparations for the meeting of the International Missionary Council, and, in accordance with the provision of Section II of this minute, the special committee called the first meeting of the International Missionary Council at Lake Mohonk, New York, October 1–6, 1921.

Whereas, the special committee on preparation for the first meeting of the International Missionary Council has submitted a report from which it appears that the following national missionary organizations have approved the establishment of the International Missionary Committee (now designated 'Council') as provided for in Section I of the Crans Minute, either by ex-

pressed resolution or by appointing members to attend the first meeting of the International Missionary Council as provided for in said section, namely,

The Foreign Missions Conference of North America.
The Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland.
The United Missionary Council of Australia.
The ' Société des Missions Evangéliques de Paris.'
The ' Commissie van Advies ' in the Netherlands.
The ' Allmänna Svenska Missionskonferensens Arbetskomite.'
The missionary societies in Switzerland.
The ' Norske Missionersfälleskomite.'
The ' Dansk Missionsraad.'
The National Missionary Committee in Finland.
The ' Société Belge de Missions Protestantes au Congo.'

Therefore, be it hereby resolved that the following persons are officially and legally appointed and duly constituted as the International Missionary Council, as provided for in said Minute :

Rev. John W. Burton, Rev. D. Willard Lyon, D.D., Rev. Yu Yue Tsu, Ph.D., William Hung, Probst Matti Tarkkanen, M. le pasteur Daniel Couve, Rev. R. Forgan, D.D., Rt. Rev. George L. King, D.D., Rev. Frank Lenwood, Miss Florence Mackenzie, Kenneth Maclennan, Thomas S. Penny, Rev. John H. Ritson, D.D., Colonel Sir Robert Williams, Bt., Rev. C. Mollan Williams, Dr S. K. Datta, Rev. Charles B. Hill, Dr Ma Saw Sa, Rev. Hiromichi Kozaki, Rev. Bishop Kogoro Uzaki, Rev. S. H. Wainright, D.D., Baron C. W. Th. van Boetzelaer van Dubbeldam, Miss Belle H. Bennett, LL.D., Mrs William Boyd, Rev. Arthur J. Brown, D.D., Rev. W. I. Chamberlain, Ph.D., Rev. S. H. Chester, D.D., Rev. S. J. Corey, LL.D., Rev. James Endicott, D.D., Rev. James H. Franklin, D.D., Rev. Alfred Gandier, D.D., Rev. Canon S. Gould, D.C.L., Rev. W. D. Mackenzie, D.D., Rev. Frank Mason North, D.D., Rev. C. H. Patton, D.D., Mrs Henry W. Peabody, Hon. Newton W. Rowell, LL.D., Rev. Paul de Schweinitz, D.D., Fennell P. Turner, Rev. Luther B. Wolf, D.D., John W. Wood, D.C.L., Albert Lunde, Rev. John Stene, Professor J. du Plessis, J. C. Gibson, Dr Karl Fries, Nath. Högman, M. le pasteur Abel de Meuron,

Missionsinspektor W. Oettli, Rev. J. E. K. Aggrey, D.D., D. A. Hunter, Rev. S. G. Inman, D.D., T. Jesse Jones, Ph.D., Robert R. Moton, LL.D., Rev. C. R. Watson, D.D., Rev. A. W. Wilkie, Rev. S. M. Zwemer, D.D., Miss G. A. Gollock, John R. Mott, LL.D., J. H. Oldham and Rev. A. L. Warnshuis.

Resolved, further, that the following constitution based upon the plan of organization submitted to the national missionary organizations by the Conference held at Crans, and approved by these national missionary organizations, be adopted and be submitted for final approval to the national missionary organizations:

CONSTITUTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL MISSIONARY COUNCIL

I. Preamble

The Council is established on the basis that the only bodies entitled to determine missionary policy are the missionary societies and boards, or the churches which they represent, and the churches in the mission field.

It is recognized that the successful working of the International Missionary Council is entirely dependent on the gift from God of the spirit of fellowship, mutual understanding and desire to co-operate.

II. Membership

The Council is constituted by the national missionary organizations[1] in the different countries. Except as may be determined otherwise by subsequent action of the Council, representation shall be as follows:

Foreign Missions Conference of North America (United States and Canada)	20
Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland	14
United Missionary Council of Australia	2

[1] The term 'national missionary organization' is used to describe the interdenominational conferences or committees in which in different sending countries the missionary societies are united for common consultation and co-operation. It should be noted, however, that the Foreign Missions Conference of North America is international, including the mission boards both of the United States and Canada.

New Zealand	1
South Africa	2
Deutsche Evangelische Missions-ausschuss ..	6
Société des Missions Evangéliques de Paris ..	4
Commissie van Advies (The Netherlands) ..	2
Allmänna Svenska Missionskonferensen ..	2
Missionary Societies of Switzerland	2
Norske Missionersfälleskomite	2
Dansk Missionsraad	2
National Joint Missions Committee of Finland	1
Société Belge de Missions Protestantes au Congo	1
Japan Continuation Committee	3
China Continuation Committee	3
National Missionary Council of India, Burma and Ceylon	3

In countries where there is no representative organization the Committee of the Council, provided for later, shall determine the method of representation.

Two out of the three representatives each from Japan, China and India shall be nationals of these countries.

The Committee of the Council, provided for later, shall have power to nominate for each meeting co-opted members not exceeding ten in all from countries and mission fields not otherwise represented, including Africa, the Near East and Latin America, who shall for each meeting have the same rights and privileges as other members.

National missionary organizations may appoint substitutes to attend any meeting of the Council in place of regular members, and each such substitute shall have during the meeting all the privileges of a member of the Council.

Co-operation shall be sought with other national missionary organizations which may come into existence, or with missionary agencies of Christian communions not at present participating in the International Missionary Council, whenever conditions make such co-operation possible.

Members of the Council shall hold office until their successors are appointed, the length of term of office and the method of appointment to be determined in each country by the national missionary organization.

III. Functions

The functions of the Council shall be the following :

(1) To stimulate thinking and investigation on missionary questions, to enlist in the solution of these questions the best knowledge and experience to be found in all countries, and to make the results available for all missionary societies and missions.

(2) To help to co-ordinate the activities of the national missionary organizations of the different countries and of the societies they represent, and to bring about united action where necessary in missionary matters.

(3) Through common consultation to help to unite Christian public opinion in support of freedom of conscience and religion and of missionary liberty.

(4) To help to unite the Christian forces of the world in seeking justice in international and inter-racial relations.

(5) To be responsible for the publication of the *International Review of Missions* and such other publications as in the judgment of the Council may contribute to the study of missionary questions.

(6) To call a world missionary conference if and when this should be deemed desirable.

IV. Officers

The Council shall have power to appoint officers to carry out functions assigned to it. These officers shall be elected at each regular meeting of the Council to serve until and through the next regular meeting. They shall be members, ex officio, of the Council. The countries from which they come shall be allowed their full representation in addition to such officials. The officers of the Council shall act in consultation with the Committee of the Council, hereafter referred to, in all emergencies arising during the intervals between meetings of the Council.

V. The Committee of the Council

The Council shall appoint at each regular meeting a Committee of twelve members, to be called 'the Committee of the Council,' to act for it in the intervals between its meetings, with the right to fill vacancies in its own membership. The officers of the Council shall be members, ex officio, of the Committee, and shall serve as the officers of the Committee of the Council.

The Committee of the Council shall, as occasion may require, consult with the several national missionary organizations during the intervals between the meetings of the Council, in regard to the work entrusted to the Committee.

The Committee of the Council shall meet at the call of the officers of the Council, or upon request of a majority of the members of the Committee (sent to the chairman or secretaries in writing), or upon the request of three or more national missionary organizations. Five members of the Committee other than the officers shall constitute a quorum, provided, however, that these represent three different countries or national organizations and that at least one of them is a representative of a country outside the continent in which the meeting is held.

No action shall be taken or pronouncement made by the Committee of the Council except in matters of urgency and when the Committee is confident that the action or pronouncement will commend itself to the several national missionary organizations.

VI. Expenses

The Council or the Committee of the Council shall prepare annual budgets two years in advance, which shall be submitted to the national missionary organizations of the sending countries for approval and toward which they will be invited to contribute in a proportion to be recommended by resolution of the Council.

VII. Meetings and Procedure

The Council shall ordinarily meet every second year, but a special meeting of the Council may be called or the regular meeting postponed if the Committee of the Council, after consulting with the national missionary organizations, is satisfied that this is desirable.

It is understood that the Council will function internationally, and that the members of the Council in any one country will not take action as a national group though they may be called together by the officers of the International Missionary Council for purposes of consultation if this should seem necessary.

The minutes of the Council and of the Committee of the Council shall be transmitted to the national missionary organizations, thus affording them opportunity to express their opinion with reference to the same.

VIII. Amendments

This Constitution may be amended at any future meeting of the Council subject to the approval of the constituent national organizations.

After the singing of a hymn, the Council united in prayer led by Dr Ritson.

34. **Appointment of Officers.** It was voted that the International Missionary Council hereby elect Dr John R. Mott as Chairman, and Mr. J. H. Oldham and the Rev. A. L. Warnshuis as Secretaries, and Mr James M. Speers as Treasurer.

35. **Transfer of Responsibilities of Continuation Committee.** Mr Oldham reported that the following resolution had been adopted by the Continuation Committee of the World Missionary Conference in Edinburgh, 1910 :

> 'Whereas among the duties assigned to the Continuation Committee by the World Missionary Conference was "to confer with the societies and boards as to the best method of working towards the formation of a permanent international missionary committee," and
>
> 'Whereas a representative international missionary conference held at Crans from June 22–28, 1920, has unanimously approved of a plan for an international missionary committee to be submitted to the national missionary organizations in the different countries,
>
> 'The members of the Continuation Committee hereby agree to transfer their responsibilities, including the *International Review of Missions*, with the funds at their disposal, to the new international missionary committee if and when this is duly constituted.'

The Council resolved that in view of the transfer by vote of the Continuation Committee of the Edinburgh World Missionary Conference of the functions, work and properties of this Committee to the International Missionary Council, the Council hereby accepts and authorizes its officers to receive on its behalf such properties and work as have been or are to be handed over.

36. **Transfer of Responsibilities of Emergency Committee.** The Council resolved that when the Emergency Committee of Co-operating Missions shall transfer by vote to the International Mis-

sionary Council its functions, work and properties, the officers of the Council are authorized to receive on behalf of the Council such properties and work as have been or are to be handed over.

37. **Committee Organization.** The following resolution was adopted :

Recognizing that the activities of the Council and consequently its methods of procedure and the forms of its organization can only be worked out in the light of experience, consideration of the question of Committee organization is postponed to the next meeting of the Council.

38. **Relations with National Missionary Organizations.** The following resolutions were adopted :

(1) Whereas with a view to simplifying interdenominational missionary organization and the avoidance of duplicate committees in the same field, it is provided in the constitution that the members of the International Missionary Council in any one country shall not meet separately as a national group,

And whereas the officers of the International Missionary Council have consequently no means of contact with the missionary boards collectively in any country except through the national missionary organization,

The International Missionary Council requests the national missionary organizations in the sending countries, which have not yet made such provision, to consider whether they can so relate the Chairman and Secretaries of the International Missionary Council to the national missionary organizations and to such of its sub-committees or special committees as may seem advisable, that they will be regularly invited to attend meetings, receive minutes and all papers issued to the committees, and have liberty to place subjects on the agenda with the consent of the Chairman and Secretary of the committees concerned.

(2) In order that the Secretaries of the International Missionary Council may be able to carry out effectively in relation to the different co-operating countries the tasks entrusted to them, the International Missionary Council requests the national missionary organizations to consider the possibility of assigning to the Secretaries of the International Missionary Council secretarial responsibilities to themselves or to certain of their sub-committees or special committees in respect to those specified matters in which the national missionary organization in agree-

ment with the International Missionary Council may desire them to take initiative.

39. **Attitude to Ecclesiastical and Doctrinal Questions.** The following resolution was adopted:

Recognizing that the International Missionary Council has been brought into being as representing the national missionary organizations of the various countries, for the purpose of investigation and co-operation within the appropriate sphere of these organizations, and, therefore, is not to be considered as representing Churches or ecclesiastical organizations as such, the Council adopts the following declaration as governing its own deliberations and as conditioning its relation to conferences of a missionary character:

No decision shall be sought from the Council, and no statement shall be issued by it on any matter involving an ecclesiastical or doctrinal question, on which the members of the Council or the bodies constituting the Council may differ among themselves.

40. **Application for Membership.** A letter was submitted from Rev. Mota Sobrinho, Secretary of the Portuguese Evangelical Alliance, asking that in view of the large responsibilities of Portugal as a colonial Power the Alliance should be represented on the Council. It was referred to the officers to make further inquiry and to the Committee of the Council to consider the advisability of including a representative of the Portuguese Evangelical Alliance among the co-opted members.

41. **Finance.** The following resolutions covering the subject of finance were adopted:

(1) That the proportion in which national missionary organizations shall be invited to contribute to the budget of the International Missionary Council correspond generally to the aggregate income for foreign missions, as defined in Section (10), p. 44, received at home by the missionary societies co-operating in the national missionary organizations.

(2) That the audited Income and Expenditure Account and the Balance Sheet for the year ending March 31, 1921, be approved as follows:

EMERGENCY COMMITTEE OF CO-OPERATING MISSIONS (INTERNATIONAL MISSIONARY COUNCIL)

Income and Expenditure Account for Year ending March 31, 1921

Income

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
I. Funds on hand at March 31, 1920, applicable to Continuation Committee World Missionary Conference, 1910				53	2	2
II. Contribution received from North America for year ending March 31, 1920	1700	17	0			
Contributions received from Great Britain, North America and the Continent for year from April 1, 1920, to March 31, 1921	3191	10	7			
				4892	7	7
III. Balance of contribution due from North America for year to March 31, 1921				1534	2	2
				6479	11	11

Expenditure

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
I. Funds overdrawn in last year's accounts and now repaid to Co-operative Finance					84	14	9½
II. *Administration Expenses*—	£	s.	d.			
Salaries	2158	5	3			
General Office Expenses, including printing, stationery and postages	480	7	8½			
Rent and Taxes	602	11	9			
				3241	4	8½
III. *Travelling Expenses*—						
Secretary's Travelling Expenses	466	18	4			
Expenses of meetings at Crans	£ 182	s. 17	d. 1			
Less— Contributions received for travelling expenses	119	3	10	63	13	3
				530	11	7
IV. Expenses of Chairman's Office, New York, for two years to March 31, 1920				400	0	0
For year to March 31, 1921				300	0	0
				700	0	0
V. Printing 'Missionary Situation after the War,' less sales					25	3	8
VI. *Funds as at March* 31, 1921—						
Cash on hand	251	2	5			
Add—						
Sundry debtors	112	12	7			
Balance of contributions due from North America	1534	2	2			
				1897	17	2
				6479	11	11

EMERGENCY COMMITTEE OF CO-OPERATING MISSIONS (INTERNATIONAL MISSIONARY COUNCIL)

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 1921

Funds	£	s.	d.	Assets	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance as per Income and Expenditure Account, being Funds at this date	1897	17	2	Sundry Debtors—						
				North American Contributions to March 31, 1921	1534	2	2			
				Sundries	112	12	7			
								1646	14	9
				Funds in Hands of Treasurer of British Conference				251	2	5
	1897	17	2					1897	17	2

LONDON, *May* 20, 1921.—We have examined the foregoing Income and Expenditure Account and Balance Sheet with the Books and Vouchers relating thereto, and certify them to be correct.

MANN, JUDD, GORDON & Co.,
Chartered Accountants

(3) That it be remitted to the officers to determine the most convenient method of keeping the Council's accounts, to open bank accounts, to arrange the method of their operation and to arrange for an annual audit.

(4) That the fiscal year of the International Missionary Council correspond with the calendar year.

(5) That the following budgets for the remainder of the year 1921 and for the years 1922 and 1923 be adopted :

	April 1, 1921– Dec. 31, 1921.	Jan. 1, 1922– Dec. 31, 1922.	Jan. 1, 1923– Dec. 31, 1923.
Salaries : Secretaries, editors and assistants	£1720	£2330	£2330
Stenographers	418	625	625
Share in Expense Business Office	90	120	120
Other Assistance	35	80	80
Rent of offices, furniture, telephone, cleaning, caretaking, etc. ..	600	800	800
Travel of Secretaries	1150	1150	1150
Printing, Stationery, Postage, etc.	225	300	300
Chairman's Office	225	300	300
Contingencies	25	50	50
Committee Travel	150	150	150
	£4638	£5905	£5905

(6) That the national missionary organizations and the missionary societies shall not be responsible for any expenses not previously sanctioned by them.

(7) That, if necessary, the Committee of the Council be authorized to redistribute the sums specified in the budgets for the various items, provided the total amount of the budgets be not increased.

(8) While it is expected that the foregoing budget will be sufficient for the full program of the Council, and since in a period of two years unforeseen developments may occur requiring additional expenditure, it is understood that such emergencies may be met by special funds which the Committee of the Council may be able to secure from private sources. If the objects to be sought involve permanent or recurring expense, the approval of the national organizations shall be secured before such work is undertaken, even if special funds are available for its support.

(9) That the Committee of the Council be authorized to devise ways and means to raise additional funds for extraordinary expenditure in connexion with the next meeting of the Council.

(10) It is recommended that the basis on which the national missionary organizations shall be invited to make contributions to the budget shall be the average (as shown in the last three published accounts) of the income received at home for foreign missions, expended during each year as covered by the budget or supplementary budgets, exclusive of sums spent on work among peoples professing the Christian religion, and exclusive of abnormal expenditure on property.

(11) That for convenience in apportioning the budget on a *pro rata* basis the income as defined above be converted into sterling, at the current rate of exchange.

(12) That the several national organizations be invited to contribute such a proportionate fraction of the average income as ascertained above as may be required to meet each year's budget; all contributions to be paid in sterling in London.

(13) That at the end of each year any adjustments required by movements of exchange during the year shall be made by the Treasurer.

(14) That the national missionary organizations be invited to pay in the course of each quarter one-fourth of their contribution to each annual budget, if not paid annually in advance.

(15) That it be referred to the officers to devise ways and means of raising the capital sum of £1000 required as working capital for carrying on the *International Review of Missions.*

(16) That separate accounts be kept for the *International Review of Missions.*

42. **Preparation of By-Laws.** It was agreed to refer to the Committee of the Council the preparation of by-laws and rules of procedure for meetings of the Council.

43. **Negotiations with Governments.** With reference to a procedure to be observed in approaches to governments, the following statement was adopted:

The Council submits to the national missionary organizations the following considerations bearing on the method of dealing with questions involving reference to governments:

(1) The best approach to any government in most instances is through its own nationals.

(2) In the great majority of instances the questions taken up with the government on behalf of missionary work have an inter-

national bearing, and it is advantageous that other national groups should be informed of references of matters by a national organization to its own government.

(3) It is desirable, therefore, that where circumstances permit information of any contemplated reference to government by any national organization should be sent to the secretaries of the International Missionary Council, in order that the secretaries may transmit any information in their possession regarding the matter and on any relations that other national organizations may seem to have with the proposed action; and that the secretaries of the International Missionary Council should be informed of the results obtained.

(4) In some instances, particularly where joint action is required, it may be thought desirable by one or more national organizations to entrust to officers of the International Missionary Council, in view of their international relationships, initiative in regard to a particular matter under the direction of the national missionary organization or organizations concerned.

44. **Missionary Problems in the Far East.** The Committee on Missionary Problems in the Far East, by Dr Lyon, for the Chairman, presented its revised report.

45. **Friendly Ministry to Far Eastern Peoples.** The following resolution was adopted:

Recognizing the peculiar obligation resting upon Christians everywhere to lead the way in forming friendships and rendering service that shall transcend national and racial limitations; and believing that the present international situation accentuates the need of such a ministry, the Council recommends that the national organizations here represented attempt to find ways of rendering a more cordial and helpful service to visitors from the Far East and to facilitate visits to the Far Eastern countries of Christian educators, scientists and men and women eminent in other walks of life to promote the spirit of international brotherhood and co-operation and to render any aid in their power toward the progress of Christianity in those countries.

46. **Conferences in the Far East.** The Council adopted the following two resolutions:

(1) The Council looks with favour on its Chairman, and such of its other members as may be available, accepting the invitation

of the Japan Continuation Committee to co-operate in holding a Christian Workers' Conference during the spring of 1922.

(2) The Council regards with sympathetic interest and great hope the plans now on foot for holding the China Christian Conference in May of 1922, and recommends through the national organizations here represented that the boards co-operate in any way in their power in responding to the requests of the Committee of Arrangements of this Conference.

47. **Conference on the Limitation of Armaments and the Problems of the Pacific.** The Council adopted the following resolution :

The Council contemplates with deep thankfulness and solicitude the assembling of the international conference at Washington. The momentous issues to be considered will profoundly affect the peace and well-being of many peoples. Our earnest prayer to God is that such wisdom may be given to the delegates that their deliberations may result in the discovery and acceptance of formulæ that shall be the political equivalent of those principles of brotherhood taught by Jesus Christ, which principles we believe command the assent of a vast and increasing number among all nations.

We cannot doubt that, should the Conference lead to conclusions significant for justice and peace in the world, the international Christian brotherhood represented in the Council would with new hope and confidence set itself to promote these objects among all men everywhere. For such high enterprise we, assembled from among the missionary forces of many peoples, for ourselves and, so far as we may, for those whom we represent, make solemn pledge of the highest service which in Christ's name we can render.

In the course of the morning a period of intercession was led by Bishop King.

Thirteenth Session, October 6, 4–6.15 p.m.

The session was opened with the singing of a hymn and with prayer led by Pastor Couve.

48. **The Relations of Church and Mission.** The Committee on the Relations of Church and Mission, by its Chairman, Bishop Uzaki, presented its revised report. The Council unanimously adopted the following Minute :

It has long been generally accepted that the establishment of an indigenous Church is a primary aim of foreign missions, and that this aim implies the development of responsibility and leadership in the Church in the mission field. It has been brought home to the Council in an extended discussion that notwithstanding all the efforts that have been made to carry out this aim, the Christian movement in a large part of the mission field, and in particular in India and China, labours under a serious disadvantage on account of the foreign character which it bears in the eyes of the people—a disadvantage which can be overcome only in the degree that the main leadership and direction of the Christian movement passes into native hands. A number of important issues were raised in the course of the discussion, and the Council decided to refer these questions for consideration to the mission boards and societies and through them, if so desired, to the missions and churches in the mission field, and to transmit this minute for information to the representative interdenominational missionary organizations in the mission field.

In referring these questions the Council recognizes :

(*a*) That there are differences in the policy and practice of the several Churches, and that allowance needs to be made for such differences in interpreting the meaning and language of the questions submitted.

(*b*) That mission work is at many different stages of development, and that conditions vary widely in different mission fields, and sometimes even within the same field.

(*c*) That the question of transferring responsibility to the indigenous Church is engaging the earnest attention of missionaries, and that considerable advance in this direction has been made in recent years.

(*d*) That some of the suggested steps presuppose the existence of a strong indigenous Church and capable native leadership, and that in many parts of the mission field, for example in portions of the African Continent, such leadership is not yet available.

(*e*) That in areas where missionaries outnumber pastors and educated laymen the procedure suggested in Section (1), p. 48, if put into effect, might produce precisely the opposite result to that desired, and thus thwart or hinder the realization of the end in view.

(*f*) That in Japan and in parts of Latin America the autonomy of many of the Christian bodies has been brought about by establishing their ecclesiastical independence of foreign mission agencies, which work as auxiliaries of the indigenous Churches.

(*g*) That no uniform solution, applicable to conditions in all fields, is possible.

The following are the questions which have emerged in the discussions of the International Missionary Council :

(1) Whether, with a view to minimizing the disadvantage referred to above, and promoting native leadership, it is desirable in certain fields that foreign missionaries should be related to and serve under the direction of the constituted ecclesiastical authorities of the country to which they are sent, and that they should have the same ecclesiastical status as that of corresponding indigenous workers.

(2) Whether it would be more in harmony with the spirit of brotherly co-operation and of aiding in rightly serving the Church of the country that all questions affecting the program of Christianity should be discussed by natives and foreigners meeting together as representatives of the Church, rather than that such matters should be determined by a mission council or other body composed exclusively or preponderantly of foreigners; and hence, where it is not possible on the grounds stated above, or for other reasons, to transfer the direction of all Christian activities to the indigenous Church, how best an opportunity may be given to the native Church of expressing its mind in regard to missionary policies falling at present within the purview of the mission body.

(3) How far the principle that Christianity can succeed only as an indigenous movement carries with it the corollary that the Churches of the country should be consulted with regard to the number and qualifications of the missionaries required by them.

(4) Whether all funds from abroad other than the salaries and allowances of missionaries and funds for property requiring to be dealt with in special ways should be administered by joint boards representing both the Churches of the country and the contributing constituencies abroad.

(5) How far the transfer of the control of funds should be

made dependent on the degree of present and progressive self-support of the Church in the mission field.

(6) In what ways new missionaries in fields where there are educated native leaders can best be given the advantage of the experience and counsel of such leaders, and in particular

(*a*) How such native leadership can best be related to the determination of policy and direction of work in language and training schools for missionaries in the mission field.

(*b*) How missionaries can most effectively be associated for guidance with native leaders during the first year or more of their active service.

(7) How mission boards may co-operate further with the Churches of the country in finding and training indigenous leaders, and especially in providing those who have proved their capacity for leadership in the work of the Church with opportunities to equip themselves in the best possible way for greater responsibilities.

(8) What further steps can be taken to associate natives of the country in the management of educational, medical and other institutions.

(9) In view of the fact that men and women do not as yet have equal ecclesiastical status in all communions and that there is not yet available a very large number of educated women leaders in the different countries, how the principles involved in the foregoing inquiries can best be applied to women's work.

49. **The Near East and Work for Moslems.** The Committee on the Near East and Work for Moslems, by its Chairman, Dr Watson, presented its revised report. It was resolved :

(1) That, in view of the desire of many missionary leaders, missions and boards for a fresh study of the situation as regards work for Moslems, the International Missionary Council request Dr Mott to take under renewed consideration the plans formulated by the Edinburgh Continuation Committee but the realization of which was prevented by the war, looking toward holding a series of missionary conferences in the Near East, North Africa and the Middle East, for the purpose of studying the co-ordination of the missionary activities of agencies working in these areas, and that the International Missionary Council urge Dr Mott to carry out

these plans if the way is found open after consultation with the agencies related to these areas.

(2) That, in view of the suggestion of Dr S. M. Zwemer, the Chairman of the Committee appointed at Lucknow to arrange for a Third General Conference of Workers among Moslems, that the plans for this conference might be merged into those for the holding of the series of conferences previously referred to, the International Missionary Council express itself in favour of merging the proposed Third General Conference of Workers among Moslems with the proposed conferences to be held by Dr Mott in the Near East, if these be held, and suggest to this end that the best features of the former be incorporated, so far as practicable, in the programmes of the latter, and that representation of the Committee charged with arrangements for the Third General Conference be provided for in the organization of committees having charge of the proposed regional and general conferences for the Near East.

(3) That the national missionary organizations concerned be invited to appoint the following to co-operate with Dr Mott in arranging for conferences in the Near and Middle East :

> Dr North, Dr Patton, Dr Speer (Foreign Missions Conference of North America); Dr Ritson, Sir Robert Williams (Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland); M. Couve (France). That the Lucknow Continuation Committee be represented by their Convener, Dr S. M. Zwemer : that the officers of the International Missionary Council be members of the Committee, ex officio, and that Dr Mott be appointed Convener : and that the Committee be empowered, in conference with the national missionary bodies concerned, to co-opt others as additional members of the Committee, as needed.

(4) That the special Committee on Conferences in the Near and Middle East be requested to examine into restrictions, whether actual or impending, upon missionary liberty by governments in Moslem areas, and that it be invited to place the information thus gathered at the disposal of the officers of the International Missionary Council.

50. Restrictions on Missionary Work. The Committee on

Restrictions on Missionary Work, by its Chairman, Baron van Boetzelaer, presented its revised report.

51. **Restrictions upon German Missions.** The Council adopted the following Minute:

(1) Believing that the exclusion of German missionaries from many fields inflicts deep injury upon the spiritual life of Germany by preventing the expression of vital spiritual forces, weakens the bonds of international spiritual fellowship, deprives non-Christian peoples of help otherwise available and retards the development of abiding friendship between the nations, and further that the continuance of the restrictions referred to endangers the principle of religious liberty which is a vital interest of the Christian Church, the International Missionary Council places its conviction on record that the wounds caused by the war cannot be fully healed until the way is opened for German missionaries to resume foreign missionary work.

(2) The Council resolves:

That this Council, while thankful for the success of friends of missions in securing the return of German missionaries to certain areas, is conscious that as regards far larger areas there is need for the strongest and most persistent effort to obtain the withdrawal or modification of the ordinances by which German missionaries are excluded, and therefore refers to the national missionary organizations and societies of the countries whose governments are excluding missionaries on the grounds of nationality, to discover what further steps may be taken to secure the return of individual German missionaries and of German missionary organizations to their old fields at the earliest possible date, having regard in all cases to the political necessities of each particular field.

(3) That inasmuch as since 1914 there have been radical alterations in the political systems of many countries and in the degree of freedom now recognized to be the right of the indigenous Churches, the Council believes that the object defined in the previous section can only be accomplished if the returning missionaries are ready to work in harmony with the local governments and with the new spirit which increasingly characterizes the relations of missionaries from abroad with the Christian Church of each country.

(4) That where German mission fields, in order to meet the

emergencies created by the war, have been occupied by non-German missions, this occupation should be regarded as provisional and that the ultimate solution should be reached by friendly conference between the original society, the occupying society and the representatives of the local Church.

(5) That in view of public attacks on German missions this Council puts it on record that to the best of its information the exclusion of German missionaries from allied territory was due to general political considerations. Further, that this Council, though not occupying the position of a court of inquiry, has at its service a great mass of information as to the countries where German missionaries were at work, and reviewing that information is convinced that speaking generally German Protestant missionaries working under the flags of other nations were not guilty of acts of disloyalty or of attempts to excite disloyalty among the people of the country, and that, if anywhere there were exceptions, these were not in accordance with the policy of German missionary societies.

(6) That this Council, conscious again and again of the loss caused by the absence of German missionary representatives, and remembering how long and unselfishly the Christians of Germany have laboured for the evangelization of the world, and how thoroughly they have promoted the education and training of their Christian communities in the field, expresses its prayerful sympathy with them as they suffer under the curtailment of their missionary activities, together with its hope that at the next meeting the Council will have the advantage of that missionary experience and power of Christian personality upon which international missionary councils have depended so much in the past.

52. **Conditions in Portuguese Africa.** The Council adopted the following minute with reference to conditions in Portuguese Africa :

(1) That in the opinion of the Council it would be of great advantage in establishing satisfactory relations with governments, if the missions working in Angola and Mozambique respectively should form united representative committees as has been done in other fields, and that this opinion should be communicated to the Boards having work in Portuguese Africa.

(2) That the attention of all missionary societies working in Portuguese Africa be called to the essential importance of arranging that all missionaries spend at least nine months or a year in

Portugal to learn the language, to secure government certificates for teaching, and to become acquainted with the Portuguese people, their ideas, customs and colonial policies.

(3) That a letter should be written by the secretaries in the name of the Council to the Governor of Angola expressing the willingness of the missionary forces to co-operate with the government in matters affecting the welfare of the natives.

(4) That the secretaries be authorized to communicate in a similar sense with the authorities in Mozambique and Lisbon, if and when this should seem desirable, and to be in consultation with the national missionary organizations and boards concerned to take such other action as may seem wise to safeguard missionary freedom and to further the welfare of the natives.

53. **Conditions in French Colonies.** The Council adopted the following minute with reference to restrictions on missionary work at present in force in several French Colonies, protectorates and mandated territories.

(1) That the missionary organizations already at work in these territories should do their utmost to maintain and enlarge their operations and should join with the Paris Missionary Society in endeavouring to secure the removal of these restrictions.

(2) That inasmuch as under present conditions applications from new societies to enter the territory may hamper the efforts of the Paris Missionary Society to secure the removal of the restrictions, societies which are not at present working in territory under French control and may desire to enter this field should be informed of these difficulties.

(3) That even when the situation becomes more favourable, the attention of all societies purposing to enter territory under French control should be called to the importance of approaching the Paris Missionary Society through their own national missionary organization with a view to securing unity of action in the evangelization of the unoccupied area.

(4) That Dr Mott, the Chairman of the Council, be asked in consultation and with the Committee of Reference and Counsel to make such approach as may seem desirable to the French authorities with a view to the removal of the prohibition of the use of the native language in the mission schools of Equatorial Africa and the Cameroons and of the restrictions hampering missionary work.

54. **Religious Freedom and Toleration.** It was agreed to refer to the Committee of the Council the consideration of finding a place at the next meeting of the International Missionary Council for a discussion of the general principle of religious freedom and toleration in its bearing on missionary work.

55. **Committee of the Council.** On the nomination of the Committee on the Constitution, the following were elected as the Committee of the Council to serve until the next regular meeting of the Council: Pastor Couve, Baron van Boetzelaer, Bishop King, Sir Robert Williams, Dr Ritson, Dr Forgan, Mr Rowell, Mrs Peabody, Dr Brown, Dr Franklin, Dr North, Dr Watson.

It was also agreed that Mr Maclennan, Secretary of the Conference of Missionary Societies in Great Britain and Ireland, and Mr Turner, Secretary of the Foreign Missions Conference of North America, should receive the papers of the Committee of the Council and be invited to be present, without vote, at the meetings of the Committee.

56. **Responsibilities of the Officers.** The Committee on the Constitution presented a statement regarding the responsibilities of the officers of the Council. It was discussed by Dr Aggrey, Mr Oldham, Sir Robert Williams, Dr Mott, Dr North, Dr Ritson. The statement was approved by the Council, as follows:

> The Council entrusts to their officers the following responsibilities as provided for in greater detail in other resolutions of the Council, or if not so dealt with named in this minute. It is expected in view of the wide range of service indicated in this statement that the officers will exercise entire freedom in determining the priority of tasks and the method of dealing with them.
>
> (1) The Council approves of the visit of the Chairman of the Council to China and Japan for the purpose of conferring with the China Continuation Committee and the Japan Continuation Committee, and of co-operating in their Christian Conferences, and requests him to convey to these Committees and Conferences the greetings and sympathy of this Council.
>
> (2) The Council approves of the Chairman devoting part of his time to conducting conferences in the Near East and requests him to convey to the Conferences when they meet the interest and sympathy of the Council.
>
> (3) The Council approves of the visit of its Secretary, Mr Oldham, to India for the purpose of conferring with the National Missionary Council and the Provincial Representative Councils

of Missions, and requests him to convey to these bodies the greetings and sympathy of the Council.

(4) The representatives of South Africa present at the meeting, having urged that a visit be paid to South Africa by one of the officers of the Council in the near future, the Council in the event of an invitation being received from South Africa by the officers, approves of their giving such invitation sympathetic consideration and responding to it if, in their view, their other duties make it possible.

(5) The Council asks Mr Warnshuis to give to the National Committees on Christian Literature help as they may desire in co-ordinating plans for the production and distribution of Christian literature in the mission field.

(6) In view of the vital questions opened up by the discussions on Education at this meeting, the Council requests its Secretary, Mr Oldham, to pursue further the investigations urged upon him by the Conference at Crans, of the present position of Christian Education in the mission field, especially in relation to the rapid extension of state systems of education ; and that the officers of the Council be asked to consider the practicability of a wider distribution of the papers prepared by Professor Monroe, Sir Michael E. Sadler and Mr Oldham for the purpose of stimulating thought upon this subject and of keeping the subject before missionary boards and societies.

(7) The Council asks its officers to give special attention to questions affecting missionary freedom, to call the attention, when necessary, of national missionary organizations to matters which seem to require action, and to serve the national missionary organizations as they may be desired in seeking to bring about the removal of restrictions and securing the recognition of missionary liberties.

(8) The Council in accordance with resolutions already passed asks the officers to take the action indicated in regard to labour conditions in Portuguese Africa, and the Opium Traffic, and authorizes them when desired to render assistance as their time and strength may permit to the national missionary organizations in dealing with moral questions of a similar character affecting the progress of Christianity in the mission field.

(9) The International Missionary Meeting at Crans, having included among the tasks to be assigned to the Council the study

of the attitude and policy of the Missionary Movement in relation to the growth of industrialism in Asia and other mission fields, and the social problems of human welfare arising therefrom, the Council asks its officers to get into touch with groups and individuals in different countries who are interested in the subject, to ascertain as far as their time and strength permit the extent and character of efforts that are being made to deal with these matters and to make a report to the Council at its next meeting.

(10) The Council asks its officers to undertake a study of the questions involved in racial relationships as these bear on missionary work, to get into touch with groups and individuals in different countries engaged in the study of the subject, and to make a report to the Council at its next meeting.

(11) In particular the Council asks its officers to submit a report at its next meeting on the relation of the Negro community in America and West Indies to missionary work in the African Continent, seeking conference and collaboration to this end with the Committee already appointed to consider this subject by the Committee of Reference and Counsel of the Foreign Missions Conference of North America.

(12) The Council requests its officers to avail themselves of opportunities of presenting statements of the work and interests of the Council to the national missionary organizations and to the missionary societies and boards.

57. **Time and Place of Next Meeting.** After some discussion, it was agreed that the next meeting of the Council be held some time between July and October 1923, and that the meeting be held in Europe, the place to be decided by the Committee of the Council.

58. **Length of Meeting.** It was agreed to refer to the Committee of the Council to consider whether, in view of the great expenditure of time and money involved in attending the meetings of the Council, of the broad range of interests, of the experience of this year, it would be advisable to allow not less than ten days for the meeting of the Council.

59. **The Missionary and Public Questions.** A paper on the Missionary and Public Questions had been prepared for this meeting by Dr Watson, and was presented in printed form, having been mailed in advance to all the delegates. (See *International Review of Missions*, October 1921, p. 467.) The subject was presented by Dr Watson in a brief address.

The session was closed with the singing of a hymn and with prayer led by Mr Oldham.

Fourteenth Session, October 6, 8–9.30 p.m.

The session was opened with the singing of a hymn and with prayer led by Sir Robert Williams.

60. Minutes. The Business Committee, by its chairman, Dr Ritson, reported that the minutes up to the eleventh session had been verified and approved, subject to editorial changes. It was agreed that Dr Ritson, Mr Oldham and Mr Warnshuis be authorized to verify and approve the minutes not submitted to the Business Committee, with power to make the necessary editorial changes.

61. Publicity. On report of the Business Committee it was agreed that plans for publicity with reference to this meeting of the Council should include :

(*a*) Articles prepared by Mr Fahs.

(*b*) Minutes to be furnished to all members of the Council and to all missionary societies and boards.

(*c*) A report of the meeting to be published in the *International Review of Missions*.

62. Resolutions of Thanks. The Council adopted the following resolutions of thanks :

(1) That the thanks of the International Missionary Council be given to Mr and Mrs E. E. Olcott, whose delightful hospitality on the Hudson River Day Line steamer has done so much to promote the fellowship and solidarity of the Council.

(2) That the thanks of the Council be expressed to the group of secretaries, Messrs. Fisher, de Benoit, Bible, Barber, Fahs and Stockwell, and other workers, who have by day and by night served the Council so faithfully and so effectively facilitated its work.

(3) That the thanks of the International Missionary Council be expressed to the unnamed donors of America whose generous gifts have helped so greatly in meeting the expenses of its gathering and in ensuring such a representative attendance.

(4) That the International Missionary Council records its gratitude to Mr and Mrs Daniel Smiley for their gracious welcome to Lake Mohonk Mountain House, and for their generous arrangements which have made possible its meeting in this truly home-

like hotel, so intimately associated with the great ideals and spirit central to the International Missionary Council.

63. **Adjournment.** The Council united in a period of intercession led by Dr Watson. The Chairman then declared the first meeting of the International Missionary Council adjourned.

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